

**"The Bread Problem"** is not a problem in the home where Shredded Wheat is known. The whole wheat grain is the real staff of life, and you have it in Shredded Wheat Biscuit, prepared in a digestible form. It contains more real, body-building material than meat or eggs, is more easily digested and costs much less. The food for the up-and-coming man who does things with hand or brain—for the kiddies that need a well-balanced food for study or play—for the housewife who must save herself from kitchen drudgery. Delicious for breakfast, or any meal, with milk or cream. Made at Niagara Falls, N. Y.

## AZTEC FUEL CO.

OUR COAL BURNS TRY DIAMOND GALLUP COAL. BEST MILD WEATHER COAL ON THE MARKET.

FACTORY & NATIVE WOOD PHONE 251

operating with the American expedition in any way or making any attempt to attack Villa. He complained that the border patrol was not being maintained in adequate force, and said an unguarded gap of nine miles had made the Columbus raid possible.

### Must Use Railroads.

The letter was written in El Paso, April 4. It quoted an unnamed authority as saying that unless a more satisfactory use of the Mexican railways was made possible within two weeks, the American troops must withdraw, and said reliable information had reached the senator that Villa had not been wounded.

"The Mexicans," said the letter, "have made no attempt to attack Villa at all, and have in any way been co-operating with our forces of attempting to check Villa's retreat or to assist in his capture. On his retreat Villa's first camp was within five miles of 700 Carranza soldiers to whom Ramon Reyes reported and whom he pleaded with to accompany him to attack Villa's 300 men. The Carranza force refused."

**Describes Columbus Raid.** Describing in detail the Columbus raid from information gathered in from Columbus officials, Senator Fall said the bandits made their way into the heart of the town, looted two stores, and set fire to several buildings before an alarm was given. With the aid of a machine gun placed within ninety feet of the American army hospital, he said, the Mexicans then fought with the citizens of the town for another fifty minutes before the troops, stationed behind the hospital, appeared.

The letter emphasized the possibility of the Mexican trenches constructed facing the border at Juarez and other border towns. He said stories of concentration of Carranza forces along the border had been exaggerated, but that he was reliably informed that the Carranza commanders could put 8,000 men into Agua Prieta within five hours and virtually all the Carranza troops in the state of Chihuahua were stationed along the Mexican-Central railway within one to ten hours from Juarez.

**No Fear of General Attack.** "However, have absolutely no fear of an attack from Mexicans," Senator Fall added, "under any circumstances except through Indian tactics such as pursued by Villa at Columbus or where the Mexicans are in overwhelming numbers."

The senator said that at the time he wrote there was no border patrol west of Douglas, and had been none between Gibson's ranch and Hachita, thirty miles to the west. He declared Villa sympathizers were overrunning virtually all of northern Mexico and that Villa easily could capture Chihuahua, where the garrison was friendly to him.

"In the Torreon, Parral and Santa Rosalia districts," said the leader, "Villa has many friends, and one of his leaders, Canuto Reyes, is said to have 1,500 armed men constantly cutting communications and threatening the garrison at Torreon."

The districts mentioned are among those in which American troops now are operating.

In concluding his letter, Senator Fall said he believed the Mexican people generally welcomed the presence of the American troops.

"Mexicans of the Casa Grande, Santa Maria and Guerrero valleys are welcoming our soldiers and deal with them on the most friendly terms," he wrote. "The only opposition which they are meeting at all among the population is because of the understanding that we are assisting Carranza."

## Use Coconut Oil For Washing Hair

If you want to keep your hair in good condition, be careful what you wash it with.

Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and is very harmful. Just plain mulsified coconut oil (which is pure and entirely greaseless), is much better than the most expensive soap or anything else you can use for shampooing, as this can't possibly injure the hair.

Simply moisten your hair with water and rub it in. One or two teaspoonfuls will make an abundance of rich, creamy lather, and cleanses the hair and scalp thoroughly. The lather rinses out easily, and removes every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves it fine and silky, bright, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get mulsified coconut oil at most any drug store. It is very cheap, and a few ounces is enough to last everyone in the family for months.

## ELFEGO BACA IS UNDER ARREST IN EL PASO FOR AIDING SALAZAR

Albuquerque Attorney Alleged to Be in Plot to Make War on De Facto Government of Mexico.

### PURPOSE OF MOVEMENT IS TO ASSIST FELIX DIAZ

Prominent Former Army Officers of Huerta and Orozco Are Alleged to Be Implicated.

**EL PASO, Tex., April 10.**—Elfego Baca, one of the best known lawyers in the southwest, formerly district attorney in El Paso, N. M., and prominent in republican politics in that state, was arrested here tonight in connection with the flight over the border of General Salazar yesterday.

Eight Mexicans, all of whom have played important parts in Mexican politics at one time or another, were arrested at the same time. Among them were Gen. Ignacio Morales Zaragoza, who was in command at Tampico under Huerta when the arrest of American marines precipitated a crisis which led to the occupation of Vera Cruz, and Gen. Marcelino Caraveo, a former lieutenant of Orozco. All eight are said to have been working in the interests of Felix Diaz, a fact which supports the theory that Salazar proposes to declare for that leader.

Baca has represented Salazar at the latter's trials for gun-running, conspiracy against American neutrality and perjury. In each case he succeeded in having his client acquitted. After his first arrest, Salazar escaped from the jail in Albuquerque and made an abortive attempt to start a revolution in Sonora. Baca was indicted as an accomplice in the escape but was acquitted.

**Baca Later Released.** Baca was later released after he had been examined by secret service agents as to his relations with Salazar. The secret service men also searched his room at the hotel where he was stopping, but were unable to find anything which would connect him with Salazar's disappearance.

The government agents subsequently arrested seven more Mexicans, making a total of fifteen, all of whom were taken to the county jail. They were held on suspicion.

A telegram was received here tonight from El Paso, stating that Dr. A. T. Still, one of the Americans reported murdered in the Carranza raid, had escaped the massacre and was alive and well. Dr. Still has lived for many years in Mexico and has given his services freely to poor Mexicans. It was intimated that his escape was due to the gratitude of some of his patients but no details were given in the message.

## ALLEGED GERMAN PLOT DISCOVERED IN CHINA

**Shanghai, U. S. C., April 10.**—News received here tonight from the Chinese government states that a plot recently discovered in Shanghai involving destruction of bridges on the Manchurian railway connecting with Russian territory and the placing of bombs along the Manchurian railway before she left on the trip just ended.

Details of the original plot for the supply of several thousand rifles, ammunition and automatic pistols to a raiding vessel in the Yellow Sea, were given by the Chinese government. The raiding vessel was to be used to destroy the bridges on the Manchurian railway connecting with Russian territory and the placing of bombs along the Manchurian railway before she left on the trip just ended.

The districts mentioned are among those in which American troops now are operating.

In concluding his letter, Senator Fall said he believed the Mexican people generally welcomed the presence of the American troops.

"Mexicans of the Casa Grande, Santa Maria and Guerrero valleys are welcoming our soldiers and deal with them on the most friendly terms," he wrote. "The only opposition which they are meeting at all among the population is because of the understanding that we are assisting Carranza."

## PAN-AMERICAN CONGRESS FAVORS CLOSER UNION

**Buenos Ayres, April 10.**—The Pan-American congress, which has been discussing legislation bearing on trade and commerce, has adopted the following conclusions: First, relative to the removal of regulations governing commercial travelers; second, favoring the construction of a Pan-American railway connecting all the republics and with other international railways; third, prolongation of the union with telegraphic lines of neighboring countries; reduction of tolls and advocating ownership of the radiographic stations.

The congress also adopted a motion moved by Secretary of the Treasury Adolfo, recommending the obligatory teaching of English, Spanish and Portuguese. The Argentine delegate, Senor Aldao, declared that French was already taught in all the schools.

**G. O. P. Leader Indicted.** Chicago, April 10.—Francis A. Becker, republican state central committee man, was indicted by the grand jury today on charges of conspiracy and operating a confidence game.

Twenty-first ward politician, was Thomas "Spike" Hennessy, north side saloon keeper; Paul Schupp, former saloonkeeper, and Isadore Rosen.

## NORWEGIAN SHIP SLIPS THROUGH SERIOUS DANGER

Drifts Into Mine Field and Is Subjected to Fire by British Cruiser; Escapes Both Unscathed.

**(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)**  
New York, April 10. (10.45 a. m.)—The Brablon, a Norwegian sailing vessel which arrived today from Kolding, Denmark, reported escaping from a choice of destruction between floating mines and guns of a British cruiser when she was beating through the passage between the Orkney Islands and Scotland.

When off the coast of Scotland the Brablon encountered winds so heavy that she was driven into the Orkney passages, which, unknown to her captain, are mined and closed to all but naval vessels.

When half-way through a British cruiser ordered the ship to lay to. Being at the helm of a "windjammer" and a gale blowing, the captain declined to maneuver in the dangerous waters. Four shots from the cruiser still failed to convince him that he was in more danger from the mines and reefs than from the British cruiser. He kept on. It was not until he reached open waters that he heaved to and received a boat from the pursuing cruiser.

The naval officer threatened to take the Brablon into a prize court, but when the captain convinced him that the ship was in full and cargo for New York for a munitions barge for England, he allowed her to proceed.

## ADMIRALS' PAY FOR THE CHIEF OF OPERATIONS

New Naval Appropriations Bill Likely to Create Position Just One Step Removed From That of Dewey

**(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)**  
Washington, April 10.—Drafting of the 1917 naval appropriation bill with which the administration will launch its five-year increase program was undertaken today by the appropriations subcommittee of the house naval committee.

It was determined at the outset to leave the building program to the consideration of the full committee. Various legislative provisions in the bill were discussed, and tentative agreement was reached on a few items. The committee decided, however, that no statement of its action should be made public until its report had been completed.

The most important question considered today related to the duties of the chief of operations. While final decision was not reached, the committee were inclined to write into the law most of the powers now conferred on the office by departmental regulation.

Secretary Daniels has approved the suggestion that the rank and pay of a full admiral be provided during the tenure of office for any official designated as chief of operations. The law would provide that the office rank next to Admiral Dewey, the admiral of the navy being senior to the three fleet admirals. The committee is said to have agreed upon this plan.

## SIX JURORS SECURED FOR BRADBERRY TRIAL

**(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)**  
Pine Bluff, Ark., April 10.—Six jurors were secured today to try T. S. Bradberry, great grand nephew of General Zachary Taylor, former president of the United States, charged with murder. Bradberry is charged with having assassinated his employer, P. H. Jenkins, wealthy planter of Sheril, at the Jenkins home on the night of December 26, last. Infatuation for his employer's wife, Mrs. Johnnie Jenkins, will be ascribed as the motive.

Circuit Judge W. B. Sorrells today overruled three motions offered by Bradberry's attorneys. The first was for a change of venue. The second was that the officers be compelled to return letters, photographs and other documents taken from Bradberry's trunk after his arrest. Prosecuting Attorney Parham declared that these would form important exhibits for the prosecution. The third motion was that the indictment against Bradberry be quashed.

Mrs. Jenkins, who was left her husband's \$100,000 estate by the terms of his will, was not in court today. She had been indicted as a co-conspirator in the murder of her husband, and her trial is scheduled to follow that of Bradberry.

## UTAH WANTS HELP TO FIGHT ALFALFA WEEVIL

**(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)**  
Salt Lake City, U. S., April 10.—Governor Speer issued a call today for a conference on control and eradication of the alfalfa weevil to be held here April 20 and 21. The states of California, Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Nevada, New Mexico, Colorado, Montana, Wyoming, Arizona and Utah are expected to participate in the meeting.

Alfalfa weevil exists in portions of Utah, Idaho and Montana as a result of which other states have declared an embargo against agricultural products from the affected regions. The weevil is slowly spreading to other regions by means not subject to human control, the call said, and the conference will endeavor to devise means of maximum protection with minimum interference with commerce.

**Dahlia and Gladiolus Bulbs.** Albuquerque Greenhouses.

## GERMAN DUSH IS STOPPED BY FIRE OF FRENCH GUNS

Regardless of Losses, Kaiser's Troops Hurl Themselves in Mass at Enemy but Are Unable to Pass Deadline.

**(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)**  
Paris, April 10. (10.45 a. m.)—Abandoning the new open formation and the lately established practice of night attack, the Germans yesterday engaged two army corps in dense masses against the French positions northwest of Verdun between Avocourt and Comiers. Forces numbering a least a division and a half charged the line between Avocourt and Bethincourt. They approached within a hundred yards of the French trenches and steadily increased the fire that hundreds of their men were falling by the way, but notwithstanding their courage and the weight of their masses, they were stopped. There was a dead line beyond which they could not pass. When the attacking Germans were thus checked by artillery and machine gun fire so that a reformation became necessary, the order to retire was given. Twice they were obliged to fill up the gaps in their ranks, but none of the three onslaughts shook the French line which had been considerably strengthened in the region of Bethincourt by the withdrawal of forces from the dangerously exposed salient to commanding positions behind the village.

Two fresh divisions attacked Deadman's hill, while the assault was in progress on the French line, and other forces at the same time were trying to slip through the ravine near Comiers. To aid the maneuver an attack was made on the east bank of the Meuse in the region of Champneuville-Vaucherauville. The few hundred men who had succeeded in penetrating the ravine were left on the field after the action proved unsuccessful.

**Counter-attack Successful.** A fourth attack at the same time was delivered on a position strongly organized by the French northeast of Avocourt, the object seemingly being to drive in the French line far enough to turn hill No. 304, which lies 300 yards south and constitutes what is characterized as the Gibraltar in the French line in that district. This attack, which more successful than the others but after the Germans had succeeded in getting a footing at some points in the first trenches, the French counter-attacked and the net result for the Germans was an increase in their losses of the French line. It is stated that at the close of the day the French held exactly the same position as at the beginning of the attack.

The German losses are again said to have been on the basis of 50 per cent of the effectives engaged in the attack and these include a considerable proportion of the German reserves.

The text of the official statement follows: "West of the Meuse bombardment continued violently last night. It was particularly directed against hill No. 304. The attack delivered yesterday evening against Deadman's hill and which was, generally speaking, repulsed with important losses to our adversaries, made it possible for the Germans to penetrate our advanced trench at hill No. 255 and a force of about 500 yards. We took about 100 prisoners."

"East of the Meuse there was spirited fighting last night in the little woods of Fontaine St. Martin east of Bachevalle. We made good progress in the communicating trenches of the enemy south of the village of Douaumont."

"It has been confirmed that the day of April 9 in the region of Verdun was marked by the first offensive movement in which the forces of the enemy attacked over a front of more than twenty kilometers (thirteen miles). Our adversaries, who have not achieved any results commensurate with their effort, suffered losses the extent of which are evidenced by the bodies piled up in front of our lines."

"There has been no occurrence of importance on the remainder of the front."

**BRITISH UNABLE TO BREAK TURK LINES**  
**(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)**  
London, April 10. (8.12 p. m.)—Lieut. Gen. Sir Percy Lake, commander of the British forces in the Mesopotamia, reports that the British attack on the Turkish position at Samarra, on the Tigris river, just below Kut-el-Amara, failed to break through the Turkish lines.

The Mesopotamia statement, given out this evening by the official press bureau, said: "No attack on Samarra was made on April 9, as reported in the Turkish communication of April 9 (9th)."

"Sir Percy Lake reports that an attack made at dawn upon the 9th failed to get through the enemy's line. The operations were much hampered by floods which are spreading."

## DESTITUTE CONDITION OF POLISH JEWS SHOWN

**(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)**  
Berlin, April 10.—At a meeting of the relief committee for indigent Jews in the occupied districts of Poland reported assistance. This far nearly \$2,000,000 has been spent in relief work, which has been made possible largely by help of Jews in America.

It was thought further assistance is needed, as a monthly expenditure of \$125,000 is necessary.

## WORTH KNOWING.

Women are liable to ailments which cause constant ill-health and of which they may consult doctors without much relief. It is well worth knowing that they can get at the nearest drug-store a simple medicine, made of pears and herbs, which is just what they need to recover health. That medicine is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

## ROSE PLANTS

Two-year-old stock, \$2.50 per dozen. Albuquerque Greenhouses.

## GERMAN REPLY DENIES SINKING OF THE SUSSEX

Also Insists That Other Vessels Sunk Cannot Be Charged to Teuton Submarines in Responsible Way.

**(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)**  
Berlin, April 10. (10.45 a. m.)—The German note in response to inquiries of the American government regarding the channel steamer Sussex and the steamer Englishman, Manchester Engineer, Eagle Point and Berwickshire will be transmitted to the American embassy tonight or Tuesday morning.

The note declares, as previously called, that the reports of the commanders of submarines which might possibly have been involved in an attack on the Sussex, make it absolutely certain that the Sussex was not destroyed by a German torpedo.

Likewise, Germany denies responsibility for the sinking of the other steamers, evidence having been adduced at the investigation to show that no blame attached to Germany.

### GERMAN DENIAL NOT BELIEVED SATISFACTORY

Washington, April 10.—Investigation of recent attacks on unarmed merchant vessels carrying Americans has developed such a convincing array of evidence pointing to illegal submarine operations that the United States government has determined the resulting grave situation cannot be cleared up by the German note denying that a German submarine torpedoed the English channel steamer Sussex and disclaiming blame for attacks on other ships inquired about by Ambassador Gerard.

The news that Ambassador Gerard would be handed the German disclaimer had been forecast in press reports, and today's announcement that he would receive the note tonight or tomorrow did not cause surprise.

President Wilson and Secretary Lansing still are waiting for the communication from Berlin and for further information from other sources. Much importance is attached to affidavits and evidence gathered by the American embassy at Paris and due to reach New York Thursday on the river St. Paul. It was learned today, too, that Mr. Lansing is awaiting outcome of an inquiry at Paris about the case of the liner Patria, at which a torpedo is alleged to have been fired some time ago.

Probably the German note and all the data needed for determination of the position of the United States will be in hand in time for Friday's cabinet meeting. Until then no announcement of attitude is expected. The president's definite action will follow promptly is freely admitted, but no one in the confidence of the administration will discuss what may be its nature. There is general understanding, however, that no rupture of diplomatic relations is imminent, and that if such a crisis does arise, the president will go before congress.

Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, called at the state department late today to discuss the situation with Secretary Lansing and gain information for his government from the views of the United States. His visit was fruitless. He was with the secretary for less than five minutes, and learned that Mr. Lansing was not in a position to enter into a discussion because he had no official information concerning the contents of the forthcoming German note. The ambassador will call again when the note has been received.

## AMERICAN ENGINEERS GET BIG JUDGMENT

**(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)**  
New York, April 10.—A sheriff's jury here today decided that Thomas P. Nicholas and Gus G. Ladner, American engineers, were entitled to recover \$35,000 in damages, as well as \$30,000 which they entrusted to Abel Arguedo, former governor of Yucatan, Mexico, for safe keeping when they were forced a year ago to flee from Mexico.

Arguedo, who also was compelled to leave Mexico, refused to return the money when they met him later in New York, the engineers asserted. A judgment for \$172,305 in Mexican money, or approximately \$85,000 in American money, was returned here against Arguedo in favor of the Yucatan authorities. The Yucatan authorities claimed this represented funds removed by Arguedo from the state treasury and brought with him to New York. Recently \$30,000 was found in a safe deposit box here which had been rented by Arguedo.

The local authorities say they can locate Arguedo.

## SPANISH STEAMER IS SUNK BY TORPEDO

**(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)**  
London, April 10. (8.45 p. m.)—The Spanish steamer Santandero is reported to have been sunk by a torpedo, according to an announcement made by Lloyd's tonight.

The same agency says that the British steamer Margam Abbey has been sunk and that her crew is aboard a steam trawler which passed the Lizard bound for Falmouth. No report has been received concerning the crew of the Santandero.

The Santandero was a vessel of 2,554 tons and the Margam Abbey was a steamer of 4,471 tons.

**"One Punch" Hogan Wins.** New Orleans, April 10.—The referee interfered tonight in the fourth round of a scheduled fifteen-round bout between Mickey Brown, of Philadelphia, and "One Punch" Hogan, of New Orleans, declared the Philadelphia manager, who was being punished so severely, and awarded the decision to Hogan.

**Orphan Trial Set for May 15.** Waukegan, Ill., April 10.—The trial of Will H. Orphan, charged with the murder of Martin Lambert, was set for May 15 at Waukegan, Ill. today. The defense contended for a later date as University of Wisconsin students are wanted as witnesses and the school does not close till June 21.

## Business Men's Bank

This bank affords every facility for the transaction of any banking business. It invites deposits subject to check and extends as liberal accommodations as sound banking will permit. Those having surplus funds lying idle are invited to avail themselves of our Time Certificates of Deposit which yield FOUR PER CENT INTEREST.

—Depository for—

A. T. & S. F. RY.

UNITED STATES

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK ALBUQUERQUE NEW MEXICO

**TRAVEL THE BRIGHT WAY**

**2 IN 1**

**Shoe Polishes**

**BLACK WHITE TAN**

**KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT**

THE F. F. DALLEY CO. LTD. BUFFALO, N. Y.

## BRIDE OF FOUR WEEKS SUICIDES IN OMAHA

**(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)**  
Omaha, Neb., April 10.—Mrs. Joseph E. Howard, daughter of Michael Kildallon, millionaire steel magnate of Chicago and wife of Joseph E. Howard, actor and writer of popular songs, committed suicide by shooting at a local hotel tonight. An actress acquaintance, who was with her at the time, said Mrs. Howard was temporarily demented.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard were married in Los Angeles four weeks ago. Omaha today she was her husband for the second time since her marriage.

Mr. Howard had registered under an assumed name and his wife had difficulty locating him. When they met Mrs. Howard was described as being nervous. She told him she intended to leave for Chicago in the afternoon but later changed her mind.

Two weeks ago Mrs. Howard telegraphed her father to meet her in Salt Lake City. The father complied but it is reported did not see his son-in-law.

## MRS. HOWARD FIGURED IN GAY CHICAGO SET

Chicago, April 10.—Mrs. Joseph Howard, who committed suicide at Omaha tonight, was well known in the gay social set of Chicago. Her first husband was Count Jacques von Mouri de Beaufort, whose romance, vicissitudes and divorce occupied many columns in Chicago newspapers.

Howard, shortly before his recent marriage, was sued for \$20,000 damages on a breach of promise charge at Portland, Ore., by Mrs. Edah Witherspoon.

The name of the Countess de Beaufort had been out of the newspapers for several years until her sudden marriage to Howard brought her to public notice again.

## Lorimer Defense Begins.

Chicago, April 10.—Taking of testimony of the defense began today in the trial of William Lorimer, charged with conspiracy in connection with the failure of the LaSalle Street Trust and Savings bank. Judge Dever overruled all save two motions to dismiss nine counts of the indictments, and two not overruled were taken under advisement. Frederick G. Mills, a timber buyer of Jonesville, La., was the first witness for the defense.

**Gutierrez Is Friendly.** San Antonio, April 10.—Department headquarters here is in receipt of a message tonight from General Gutierrez, reports the attitude of the Carranza general, Gutierrez, is most cordial toward Americans.

## A Single Application Banishes Every Hair

(The Modern Beauty.) Here is how any woman can easily and quickly remove objectionable, hairy growths without possible injury to the skin. Make a paste with some powdered Calumet and water, apply to hairy surface and after 2 or 3 minutes rub off, wash the skin and the hairs are gone. This is a painless, inexpensive method and, excepting Philadelphia, has never been known before. A single application is enough. You should, however, be careful to get genuine Calumet.

**Alcock PLASTERS**

The World's Greatest External Remedy.

Coughs and Colds on chest and nostrils better than under the tongue.

Weak Chests, Any Local Pain.

Insert on Having ALCOCK'S.

**ALUMET**

THE WORLD'S GREATEST BAKING POWDER

**"This Is the Kind I Want!"**

"Mother tried all brands, the Almet which is best—knows how to get good, wholesome bakings every day—how to save baking powder money—avoid cake-day sorrows."

"She likes the wonderful leavening strength—fine raising qualities—absolute purity—great economy of Calumet Baking Powder."

Received Highest Award New York World's Fair—See Slip in Food Can

**CALUMET BAKING POWDER**

"Don't think the Baking Powder you now use is best. Try Calumet once—find out what real bakings are."

Chesapeake and Big Can Baking Powders don't save you money. Calumet does—it's Pure and far superior to sour milk and soda.